## 1.3.1

## Institution integrates crosscutting issues relevant to Professional Ethics, Gender, Human Values, Environment and Sustainability into the Curriculum

## **Botany**

## B.Sc. Sem 5 Paper 2

## SEMESTER V

Core course: Botany Paper 2

Max. Marks: 60

TITLE: ECOLOGY AND ENVIRONMENT

Unit 1 Ecosystem ecology

(20 Lectures)

25 marks

Ecological factors- An elementary knowledge of ecology, ecological factors: climatic, edaphic, physiographic and biotic factors,

Ecosystem: Concept and type of ecosystem, structure of abiotic and biotic component, food chain, food web, ecological pyramids, energy flow, biogeochemical cycles of carbon nitrogen and phosphorous. Productivity of ecosystem

Population Ecology: Concept of species habitat, ecological niche, ecad, ecotype and ecotone, Life forms, density and frequency

**Ecological Succession**: Concept, type and cause of succession , Hydrosere and xerosere, Climax concept in succession

Ecological adaptation in Plants: Hydrophytes, xerophytes and halophytes, epiphytes, hygrophytes

Unit 2 Habitat ecology

(10 Lectures)

15 marks

Habitat Ecology (Limnology): Fresh water habitat and its division according to horizontal and vertical stratification, Effect temperature variations in fresh water habitat of temperate zone.

Habitat Ecology (Marine biology): Structure of sea, horizontal & vertical stratification. Physico-chemical properties of sea water, Division of marine biota and their adaptations. Factors influencing growth of marine flora.

Soil ecology: Importance of soil, composition of soil, soil formation soil profile, soil erosion and soil conservation.

Unit 3 Environmental Challenges and related social issues
(15 Lectures)
20 marks

Environmental pollution: Kinds of pollution (air, water radioactive pollution, noise pollution, pollution control law, Acid rain, green house effect, global warming, Ozone depletion

Environment and Development: Environmental challenge in India, Environmental education and organization Concept of sustainable development, ecology and environment of Allahabad

Bioremediation: Concept, need, scope and application of bioremediation in environmental clean up

## **ZOOLOGY**

## B.Sc. Sem 4 Paper 1

# Unit-III Ecology A 1. Factors of Ecology: Water and Temperature 2. Ecosystem and components: Fresh water Ecosystem. 3. Trophic levels: Food chain, Food-Web. 4. Energy flow concepts and Pyramids (5)

## Ecology B

- 1. Population dynamics
- Bio-geo-chemical cycle Nitrogen Cycle
- 3. Ecological Niche.

B.Sc. Sem 6 Paper 3

## Paper-III (Environmental Biology & Toxicology) Unit-I

## Environmental Biology

- 1. Environmental pollution : Different types of pollution sources, effects and control
  - (i) Air
  - (ii) Water-source and nonsources point pollution
  - (iii) Soil

## Unit-II

## **Environmental Biology B**

- Environmental degradation and its socio-economic impact :
  - Harmful effects of deforestation, desertification and overgrazing.
- Wild life management in India & Its importance

## M.Sc. Sem 2 Paper 1



## Semester II

ZOO 506: Paper I: Ecology

UNIT I

Population growth: Exponential and logistic pattern of population growth. Intrinsic rate of natural increases [r], its determination and importance in population ecology.

Lotka- Volterra Model of interspécific competition. Modern concepts of Niche. Niche parameters. Niche overlap.

Biodiversity: Measures of species diversity. Global diversity patterns and mechanism. UNIT III

Law of thermodynamics as they relate to ecological energetic. Food webs

UNIT IV

Biogeochemical cycles: Nitrogen, Phosphorous and sulphur cycles in terrestrial and aquatic

Community organization and its dynamics. Energy flow models.

Ecological succession, its types and concept of climax.

Ecology of various habitats.

Remote sensing. Practical application of ecology.

## **BIOTECHNOLOGY**

## B.Sc. Sem 5 Paper 2

## PAPER 2

TITLE: ENVIRONMENTAL AND INDUSTRIAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

## UNIT 1

Environmental components, Environmental pollution and its types, Non-renewable and renewableenergy resources. Conventional fuels and their major impacts: Global warming and greenhouse effect Global Ozone Problem, Acid rain, Eutrophication, Biomagnification, Concept of clean fuel technology: Biomass energy and bio-fuels

Treatment of municipal solid and liquid wastes, Environmental impact assessment and Environmental audit Bioassessment of Environmental Quality, Disposal of solid wastes, oil spills, cellulose etc. Biodegradation of plastic, pesticides and hydrocarbons

Microbes in industry - foods from microorganism (vinegar and cheese). production of citric acid, amylases, proteases, vitamin B12, beer, wine, biogas, methane, hydrogen

Biomineralisation: Use of microbial technology for mining. Bacteriology of water and sewage, Bacteriological examination of water

Bioremediation, Bioleaching, Biosorption, Biopesticides, Biofertilizers, Biofuels, Biosensors, Bioindicators, Biodegradable plastics and Biopesticides.

Industrial microbuses and their uses: production of food (dairy and SCP) and antibiotics (with referenceto penicillin and streptomycin) ferment centurion product, a survey of product from microorganism.

## **MICROBIOLOGY**

## B.Sc. Sem 6 Paper 3

## Paper -III

## **Basics of Environmental Microbiology**

- Determination of BOD and COD of given water body.
- Air sampling for microbial isolation
- 3. Study of various air and water borne diseases.
- Isolation and identification of heavy metal tolerant bacteria.

## **BIOPHYSICS**

## B.Sc. Sem 1 Paper 1

## 3. Environmental Physics;

Process governing ocean atmosphere system, monitoring remote sensing and modelling of atmospheric and oceanic processes

## 4. Environmental Pollution:

Atmosphere pollution, type of pollutants, gaseous and particulate pollutants, effects of an pollution on Human health, material and vegetation.

## **GEOGRAPHY**

## B.A. Sem 2 Paper 1

## B. A. Geography (Second Semester)

## Paper I

Physical Geography: Atmosphere, Oceans and Biosphere
Unit 1

Atmosphere: Composition and Structure, Insolation and Heat Budget, Temperature: Horizontal Distribution, Vertical Distribution, General circulation and Winds, Humidity and Precipitation.

## Unit 2

Air Masses, Fronts and Frontogenesis, Monsoon, Atmospheric Disturbances: Tropical and Temperate Cyclones, Climatic Classification: Koeppen; Thornthwaite; Trewartha

## Unit 3

Bottom Relief of Oceans, Ocean Deposits, Salinity, Temperature, Currents and Tides, Coral Reefs and Atolls

## Unit 4

Abiotc and biotic components of biosphere, Characteristics and types of ecosystems, Biosphere as an ecosystem, Man and biosphere

## **GEOGRAPHY**

B.A. Sem 3 Paper 1

## B.A. GEOGRAPHY THIRD SEMESTER

## Paper - 1

## Introduction to Economic Geography: Agriculture and Natural Resources

## Unit I

Economic Geography: Definition; Nature, Scope and Approaches; Development of Economic Geography, Economic Development and Types of Economies, Models of Spatial Distribution of Economic Development.

## Unit 2

Origin and Development of Agriculture, Influences on Agricultural Production and Distribution: Physical Factors; Human Factors; Social and Economic Factors, Agricultural Systems: Subsistence Farming; Commercial Mixed Farming; Commercial Grain Farming; Commercial Plantation Agriculture; Mixed Fruit and Grain Farming; Commercial Livestock and Dairy Farming; Collective Farming

## Unit 3

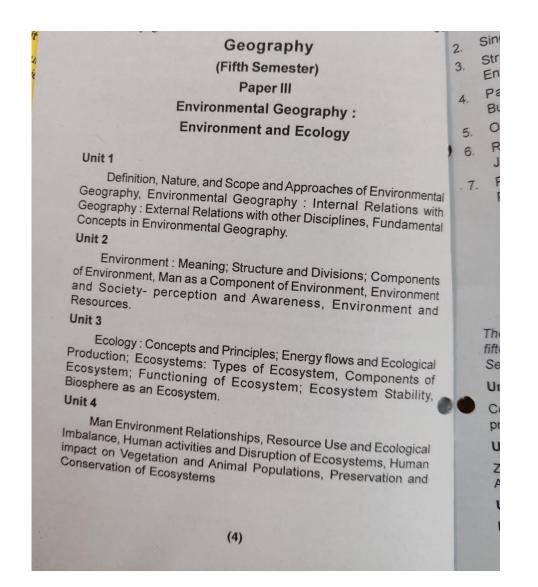
Concept of Natural Resources, Classification of Natural Resources Problems of Resource Utilisation, Use and Misuse of Resources Sustainable development and Conservation of Resources

## Unit 4

Mineral Resources and Mining Industry; Distribution, Reserves and Production of Minerals, Mineral Fuels: Coal; Petroleum, Metallic and Non-Metallic Minerals: Iron; Manganese; Copper; Bauxite; Mica, Atomic Minerals: Uranium; Thorium.

## **GEOGRAPHY**

B.A. Sem 5 Paper 3



## **GEOGRAPHY**

B.A. Sem 6 Paper 3

urface	Geography
of Unit	(Sixth Semester)
	Paper III
	Environmental Geography:
e of ded les n; of d	Environmental Degradation and Management
	Unit 1
	Environmental Degradation: Types of Environmental Degradation; Processes of Environmental Degradation; Causes of Environmental Degradation: Deforestation; Population Growth; Industrial Development; Urbanization
	Unit 2
	Pollution: Definition, Pollutants and their Classification: Air Pollution- Sources and Types; Effects of Air Pollution, Water Pollution: Sources of Water Pollutants; Nature and Types of Water Pollution, Solid waste Pollution; Noise Pollution.
	Unit 3
	Environmental Hazards and Disasters: Natural Hazards and Disasters: Volcanic and Tectonic; Cyclones; Floods and Tsunamis, Man Induced Hazards, Distribution of Hazards and Hazard Prone Areas of the World.
	(9)

Concept of Natural disaster Management, Approaches to Environmental 'Management, Ecological Basis of Environmental Management, Control of Environmental degradation, Efforts towards Reduction of Natural Disasters

Unit

Syr

## **CHEMISTRY**

M.Sc. Sem 3 Paper 4

## SEMESTER III - ELECTIVE PAPER

## ELECTIVE COURSE CODE – CHE 554

Course Credit = 04 (40 Lectures)

## PAPER IV

## Environmental Analysis / Monitoring

## UNIT-I

Water quality standards; Sampling and measurements of parameters like DO, BOD, COD, TOC, pH, Total Suspended Solids, Total Dissolved Solids, Hardness, Amount of Organic Matters, pE Determination of Inorganic ions, Plant Nutrients, NKP

## UNIT-II

Methods of removal of Heavy Metals and Dyes from the polluted water

## UNIT-III

Analysis of Waste Water- Monitoring of Soaps, Detergents and Pesticides in waste water, Sampling and Measurement of Air Pollutants, Monitoring automobile Emissions, Monitoring Emissions from Stationary Sources.

## **UNIT-IV**

Monitoring Particulate Emissions (High - Volume sampling, Separation of Particles by size, XRF Spectrometry)

## UNIT-V

Monitoring of Disease – Causing Agents, Microbiological tests for coliform, Multiple – Tube Fermentation Technique, Membrane Filtration Technique Ortho – nitrophenyl –  $\beta$  – D – galactopyranoside (ONPG) Test.

## **CHEMISTRY**

M.Sc. Sem 4 Paper 1

## SEMESTER IV - ELECTIVE PAPER

## PAPER – I

## ELECTIVE COURSE CODE – CHE 555

Course Credit = 04 (40 Lectures)

## **Environmental Chemistry**

## UNIT: I

## Introduction to Enviornmental Chemistry

Concept and scope of environmental chemistry, Environmental terminology and nomenclatures, Environmental segments.

## UNIT: II

The natural cycles of environment (Hydrological, oxygen, Nitrogen)

## UNIT: III

## Chemical Toxicology

Toxic chemicals in the environments, Impact of toxic chemicals on enzymes, Biochemical effects of arsenic, cadmium, lead, mercury, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, sulphur oxides.

## UNIT: IV

## Air Pollution

Particulates, Aerosols, SOx, NOx, COx and hydrocarbon, Photochemical smog, Air-quality standards.

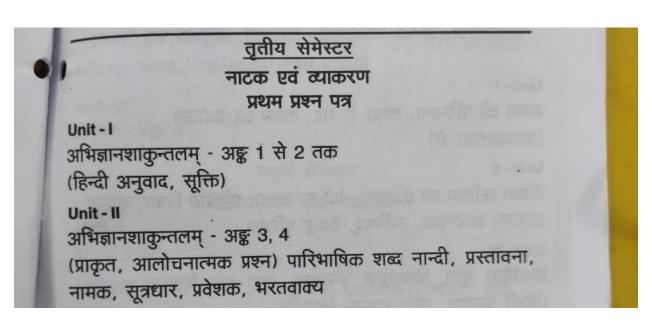
## UNIT: V

## Water Pollution

Water-quality parameters and standards: physical and chemical parameters, Dissolved oxygen, BOD, COD, Total organic carbon, Total nitrogen, Total sulfur, Total phosphorus and chlorine, chemical separation (Pb, As, Hg)

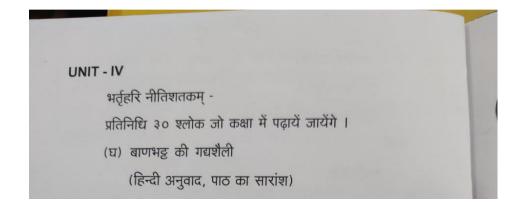
## **SANSKRIT**

B.A. Sem 3 Paper 1

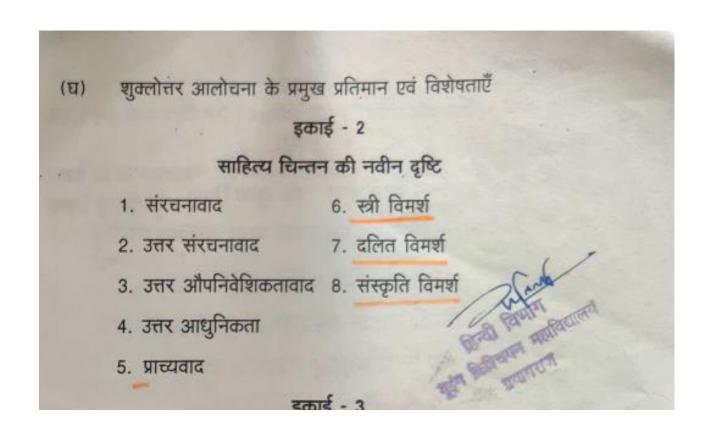


SANSKRIT

B.A. Sem 2 Paper 2



## HINDI M.A. Sem 5 Paper 2



## ANCIENT HISTORY, CULTURE AND ARCHAEOLOGY M.A. Sem 1 Paper 1





## Department of Ancient History, Culture and Archaeology University of Allahabad, Prayagraj-211 002

## Syllabus modified only for Covid-19 period due to unprecedented situation

## M.A. Ist Semester

## Course Code: ANC-501 (Core)

## Paper-I: Aspects of Ancient Indian Culture (Political, Social and Economic Institutions)

Unit-I	:	Introduction to Ancient Indian Culture
		a) The main characteristics of Ancient Indian Culture
		b) Methods and approaches to the study of Indian Culture:
		Nationalist, Marxist.
Unit-II	:	Political Ideas and Institutions
		a) Origin and nature of state
		b) Republics
		c) Monarchy and its feudal transformations
Unit-III	:	Social Institutions
		a) Varna-caste system-origin and evolution
		b) Ashram system
		c) Hindu Sanskaras
Unit-IV	:	Social Institutions
		a) Position of women- proprietary rights and right to education
		b) Education system and Educational Institutions : Taxilla and
		Nalanda.
UNIT-V	:	Economic Institutions
		a) Guilds: Their organization, functions and their role in social
		and economic life
		b) Varta: Meaning and Significance, Agriculture and cattle rearing
		c) Trade and commerce

## ANCIENT HISTORY, CULTURE AND ARCHAEOLOGY

M.A. Sem 3 Paper 4



## Department of Ancient History, Culture and Archaeology University of Allahabad, Prayagraj-211 002

## Syllabus modified only for Covid-19 period due to unprecedented situation

## M.A. IIIrd Semester

## Course Code: ANC-653 (Elective)

## (Group-C): Social History of India (From Earliest Times to Circa 6th Century A.D.)

Unit-I	:	Sources:
		i) Literary Sources
		a) Indigenous - Religious & Secular
		b) Foreign Accounts
		ii) Archaeological Sources
		a) Epigraphic
		b) Numismatics
		c) Excavation/Exploration reports
<b>Unit-II</b>	:	Study of Ancient Indian Society:
		Social Life of Vedic Period
		b) Social Life of Mauryan Period and Post Mauryan Period (up to
		Kushanas)
		c) Social Life of Gupta Period
<b>Unit-III</b>	:	Historical Study of Social Institutions :
		<ul> <li>a) Varna and Ashram System-Origin and Evolution</li> </ul>
		<ul><li>b) Caste System – Origin and nature</li></ul>
		c) Purusartha
<b>Unit-IV</b>	:	Study of Other Social Institutions :
		Position of Women
		a) Their Proprietary rights
		b) Position of Widows
		c) Sati Custom
		Education Institution:
		Taxilla, Kashi and Vallabhi
Unit-V	:	Study of Labour and Outcastes :
		a) Slavery: Types, its use
		b) Visti: Origin, Evolution and its Use.

ANCIENT HISTORY, CULTURE AND ARCHAEOLOGY

B.A. Sem 4 Paper 2

## SEMESTER-IV

## PAPER-2

## Ancient Indian Culture-II

## Unit-1

- (a) Origin and Development of Varna system.
- **(b)** Origin and Development of Caste system.
- (c) Ashram system

## Unit-2

- (a) Purushartha.
- **(b)** Sacraments (With special reference to Upanayana and Marriage Sacraments)
- (c) Ancient Indian educational centers: Taxila and Nalanda.

## Unit-3

- (a) Position of Women in Ancient India.
- (b) Ancient Indian Economic Guilds.
- (c) The Second urbanization.

## Unit-4

- (a) Land Ownership.
- (b) Feudalism in Ancient India.
- (c) Downfall of the Cities in Ancient India: A critical study.

## **ENGLISH**

B.A. Sem 5 Paper 1



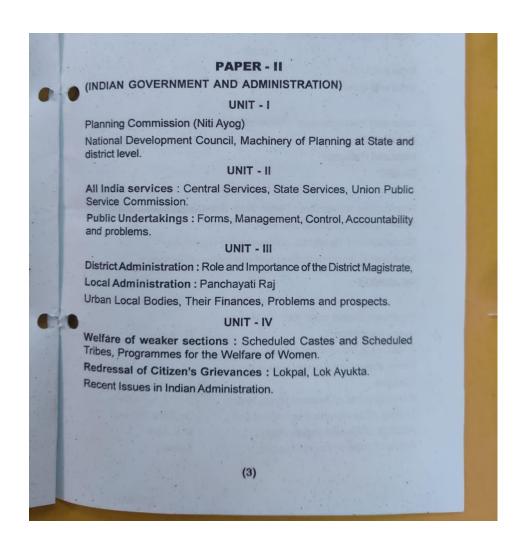
## **ENGLISH**

## B.A. Sem 6 Paper 2

## B.A. VIth Semester Paper-II: Drama Unit I: Forms of Drama: Heroic Tragedy, Comedy of Manners, Problem Play, Theatre of the Absurd. Unit II: Eugene 0' Neill: Desire Under the Elms. UnitIII: Harold Pinter: The Birthday Party Unit IV: Girish Karnad: Hayavadana

**POLITICAL SCIENCE** 

B.A. Sem 6 Paper 2



## **DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION**

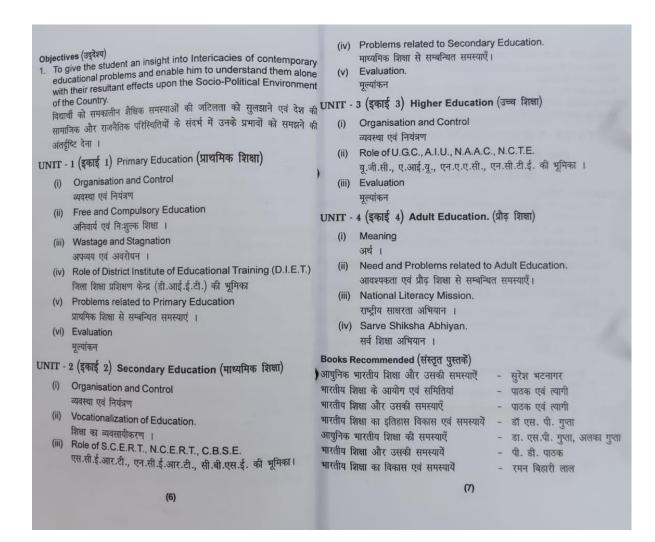
B.A. Sem 2 Paper 1

## SECOND SEMESTER

दूसरा सेमिस्टर

Paper - I Issues and Trends in Indian Education (M.Marks 60)

प्रथम प्रश्न पत्र - भारतीय शिक्षा में मुद्दे एवं प्रवृत्तियाँ (अधिकतम अंक-60)



## **DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION**

B.A. Sem 4 Paper 1

## Fourth Semester (चतुर्थ सेमिस्टर) Paper - I Sociological Foundations of Education (M. Marks 60)

प्रथम प्रश्न पत्र-शिक्षा के सामाजिक आधार (अधिकतम अंक-60)

Objectives (उद्देश्य) :-

- 1. The students should be able to define Educational Sociology.
  छात्र शैक्षिक समाजशास्त्र को परिभाषित कर सकेंगे ।
- 2. The students should be able to recognize the interdependence of Education and Society .
  छात्र शिक्षा और समाज की पारस्परिक निर्भरता की पहचान कर सकेंगे ।
- 3. The students should be able to explain the technical terms of Educational Sociology.

  3. The students should be able to explain the technical terms of Educational Sociology.

छात्र शैक्षिक समाजशास्त्र के तकनीकी शब्दों को समझा सकेंगे ।

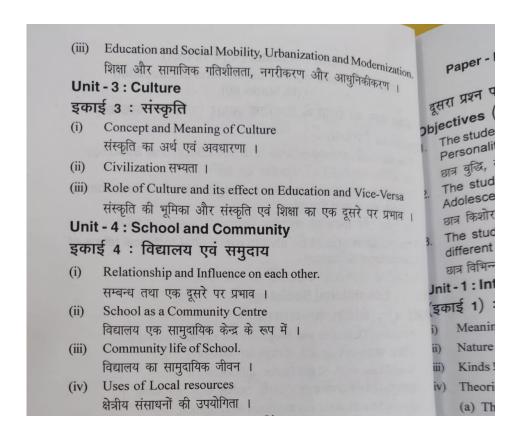
## Unit - 1 : Educational Sociology -(इकाई 1) : शैक्षिक समाजशास्त्र

- (i) Meaning, Definition and Scope of Educational Sociolog\y. शैक्षिक समाजशास्त्र का अर्थ, परिभाषा एवं विषयक्षेत्र ।
- (ii) Socialization Need and Factors influencing it. सामाजीकरण-आवश्यकता और इसको प्रभावित करने वाले कारक ।
- (iii) Social Stratification and its effects on education. सामाजिक स्तरीकरण और शिक्षा पर इसका प्रभाव ।

## Unit - 2 : Social Change इकाई 2 : सामाजिक परिवर्तन

- (i) Meaning and Definition of Social Change. सामाजिक परिवर्तन का अर्थ एवं परिभाषा ।
- Role of Education in the process of Social Change and Effect of Social change on Education.
  सामाजिक परिवर्तन की प्रक्रिया में शिक्षा की भूमिका और सामाजिक परिवर्तन का

शिक्षा पर प्रभाव ।



## **MEDIEVAL HISTORY**

B.A. Sem 6 Paper 1

## सेमेस्टर-VI प्रथम प्रश्न-पत्र आधुनिक भारत का इतिहास, भाग-1 (1757-1857)

## यूनिट - 1

- (क) आंग्ल फ्रांसीसी प्रतिद्वन्दिता एवं कर्नाटक युद्ध, फ्रांसीसियों के पराजय के कारण
- (ख) प्लासी का युद्ध कारण एवं परिणाम
- (ग) बक्सर का युद्ध कारण एवं परिणाम
- (घ) इलाहाबाद की संधि 1765

## यूनिट - 2

- (क) बंगाल में द्वैध प्रशासन अर्थ एवं प्रमुख दोष
- (ख) रेग्यूलेटिंग ऐक्ट (1773), विशेषताएं, समीक्षा
- (ग) पिट्स इण्डिया ऐक्ट (1784), विशेषताएं, समीक्षा
- (घ) वारेन हेस्टिंग्स के सुधार

## यूनिट - 3

(क) लार्ड कार्नवालिस का स्थाई बंदोबस्त (भू-राजस्व सुधार), विशेषताएँ, गुण एवं दोष

(5)

**ECONOMICS** 

B.A. Sem 2

## **IInd Semester**

## Eco - 03: Indian Economy

Unit 1 - Nature & Characteristics of Indian Economy
Population in India & Uttar Pradesh: Trends & Main
Chracteristics

## Unit 2 - Agriculture Sector

Importance & Main features
Technological Changes & Its Impact on Indian Agriculture
Rural Credit Structure
Allied Agriculture Activities-Introduction only

## Unit 3 - Industrial Sector

Growth and Pattern of Industrilization

Public Sector Enterprises: Role & Performance

Role & Importance of Small Scale & Cottage Industries

## Unit 4 - External Sector

Foreign Trade: Balance of Payment & Balance of Trade Composition & Direction of Trade in India. Trends in Balance of Trade & BOP on current account in India.

(5)

## **ECONOMICS**

B.A. Sem 4

## **IVth Semester**

## Eco 07: Public Finance

Unit 1: Public Finance: Definition, Scope and Importance of

Public Finance

Private and Public Finance

Private and Public Goods

Principle of Maximum Social Advantage

Unit 2: Public Expenditure

Canons of Public Expenditure

Causes of Growth of Public Expenditure

Wagner's Hypothesis of Increasing State Activities

Effects of Public Expenditure

Unit 3: Public Revenue - Taxation

Canons of Taxation

**Direct & Indirect Taxes** 

Progressive, Regressive & Proportional Taxation

Principals of Taxation: Ability to Pay Theory & Least

Aggregate Sacrifice Theory

Incidence, Impact & Shifting of Taxes

**Effects of Taxation** 

Unit 4: Public Debt: Definition, Importance & Rational of Public Debt

Effects of Public Debt

**Deficit Financing** 

Objectives of Fiscal Policy in Developing Countries

Major Trends in Revenue & Expenditure of Government of

India

Items of Income & Expenditure of Government of Uttar

Pradesh

## **ECONOMICS**

B.A. Sem 5

## Eco 11: Planning & Policy in India

UNIT- 1

General Macroeconomic Objectives for a Developing Economy Indian Planning: Objectives & Review

Economic Reforms

Relevance of Planning Under the Era of Liberalization Objectives & Performance of Recent Two Five Year Plans

NITI AAYOG

## UNIT- 2

Population Policy

Problem of Poverty & Unemployment

**Employment Strategy & Poverty Eradication Programmes** 

Land Reforms : Objective & Concept

Land Reforms Policy

## UNIT- 3

Objective and Overview of Agriculture Policy in India

Brief Overview of Community Centered Approach: Community

Development Project & Panchayati Raj

Major Challenges faced by Indian Agriculture & Policy for their Removal / Agriculture Price Policy

Food Policy & PDS

Agricultural Taxation - Brief Introduction

## UNIT- 4

Status of Infra Structure: Energy & Power Sector

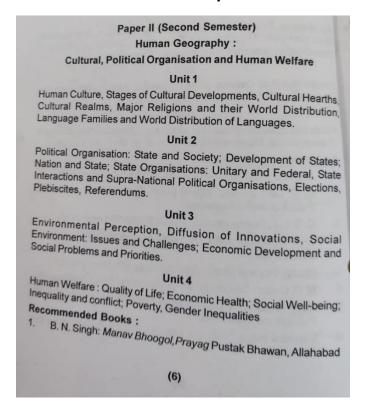
Government Policy on Energy & Power Sector

Brief introduction of current Government policies on transport Sector.

New Economy: IT & IPO Sector

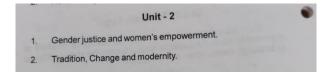
## **PHILOSOPHY**

## B.A. Sem 2 Paper 2



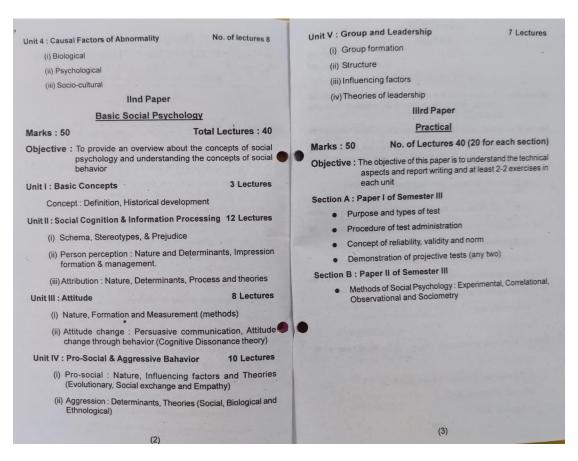
## **PHILOSOPHY**

## B.A. Sem 4 Paper 2



## **PSYCOLOGY**

B.A. Sem 3 Paper 2



## **PSYCOLOGY**

**B.A. Sem 4 Paper 1 & 2** 

## Semester - IV:

Ist Paper

MM = 50Total No. Lectures : 40

## Psychological Disorders

Objective: To introduce the clinical picture and etiological understanding of the following disorders according to DSM IV-TR.

Unit 1 : Clinical Picture of Specific Disorder - I No. of Lecture : 10

- (i) Anxiety Disorders: Generalized Anxiety Disorder (GAD), Phobia, Obsessive Compulsive Disorder (OCD). Post traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD)
- (ii) Somatoform Disorders: Pain, somatization, Conversion Hypochondriasis
- (iii) Dissociative Disorders : Amnesia, Fugue, Identity, Depersonalization

Unit 2 : Clinical Picture of Specific Disorder - II No. of Lecture : 10

- (i) Mood disorders: Unipolar and Bipolar & its types
- (ii) Substance Related Disorder: Alcohol and Drug related

Unit 3 : Clinical Picture of Specific Disorder - III No. of Lecture : 10

- (i) Schizophrenia and it's types
- (ii) Schizoaffective
- (iii) Delusional

Unit 4: Therapeutic Approaches

No. of Lecture: 10

- (i) Psychoanalytical
- (ii) Behaviouristic (Classical, Operant, Modelling)
- (iii) Humanistic (Client centred)
- (iv) Biological : ECT

(4)

Carson, R.C., Butcher J.N. and Mineka, S. (2004) Abnormal psychology carson, N.S., and Modern Life. Pearson Education. New Delhi, India

comer, R.J. (2007) Abnormal psychology, Worth publisher, New York.

Hoeksema, S.N. (2005) Abnormal psychology, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing, New Delhi

Sarason, I.G. and Sarason, B.R. (2002) Abnormal psychology. Prentice -Hall India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi,

Singh, A.K. (2002) Adhunik Asmanya Manovigyan, Moti Lal Banarsi Das, Varanasi.

## Semester - IV:

## **IInd Paper**

## **Applied Social Psychology**

Max. Marks: 50

Total No. of Lectures: 40

Objective: To help the student to understand social problems and gain knowledge about intervention strategies

## Introduction

- No. of Lecture: 8
- (a) Nature of applied Social Psychology
- (b) Social influences on behaviour
- (c) Levels of analysis
- (d) Methodological approaches Participatory action and Learning research techniques.

## Social Behaviour 2.

No. of Lecture: 12

- a. Environmental change : Environmental design, Climate change, Disaster.
- b. Population growth: Urbanization, Movement, Space
- c. Diversity in culture: Multiculturization, Social identity, Discrimination.

(5)